REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE Form Approved OMB NO. 0704-0188 The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggesstions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA, 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any oenalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS. 2. REPORT TYPE 1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY) 3. DATES COVERED (From - To) 17-Sep-2012 - 16-Jun-2013 14-08-2013 Final Report 4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE 5a. CONTRACT NUMBER Feasibility of Full-Duplex Radio W911NF-12-1-0432 5b. GRANT NUMBER 5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER 611102 6. AUTHORS 5d. PROJECT NUMBER Yingbo Hua 5e. TASK NUMBER 5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAMES AND ADDRESSES 8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER University of California - Riverside 200 University Office Building Riverside, CA 92521 -0001 9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND 10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S) ADDRESS(ES) ARO 11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT U.S. Army Research Office NUMBER(S) P.O. Box 12211 Research Triangle Park, NC 27709-2211 62306-NS-II.7 12. DISTRIBUTION AVAILIBILITY STATEMENT Approved for Public Release; Distribution Unlimited 13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES The views, opinions and/or findings contained in this report are those of the author(s) and should not contrued as an official Department of the Army position, policy or decision, unless so designated by other documentation. 14. ABSTRACT We have built a testbed for full-duplex radio with which we can control and process time-domain waveforms in real

We have built a testbed for full-duplex radio with which we can control and process time-domain waveforms in real time. We have developed new methods for radio self-interference cancellation that are robust to transmission noise and hardware imperfections. These methods include new architections of all-analog radio self-interference cancellation and online tuning methods. We have investigated the performance limits of all-analog radio interference cancellation subject to random interference channel instead of just some fixed scenarios. We have

15. SUBJECT TERMS

full-duplex radio, simultaneous transmission and reception

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF	15. NUMBER	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT b. ABSTRACT c. THIS PAGE		ABSTRACT	OF PAGES	Yingbo Hua	
UU	υυ	υυ	UU		19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER 951-827-2853

Report Title

Feasibility of Full-Duplex Radio

Number of Papers published in non peer-reviewed journals:

ABSTRACT

(a) Papers published in peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)

We have built a testbed for full-duplex radio with which we can control and process time-domain waveforms in real time. We have developed new methods for radio self-interference cancellation that are robust to transmission noise and hardware imperfections. These methods include new architections of all-analog radio self-interference cancellation and online tuning methods. We have investigated the performance limits of all-analog radio interference cancellation subject to random interference channel instead of just some fixed scenarios. We have developed a method to handle IQ imbalances effectively. We have analyzed the performance of a radio capable of both full-duplex and half-duplex, and obtained a trade-off relationship between full-duplex and half-duplex in the presence of residual self-interference. This project has enabled us to identify the key problems in radio self-interference cancellation and consequently to develop a new and better approach which we will continue to investigate.

Enter List of papers submitted or published that acknowledge ARO support from the start of the project to the date of this printing. List the papers, including journal references, in the following categories:

Received Paper

1.00 Yingbo Hua., Ping Liang, , Yiming Ma, , Ali Cagatay Cirik, and , Qian Gao. A Method for Broadband Full-Duplex MIMO Radio, IEEE Signal Processing Letters. (12 2012): 793. doi:

1

Number of Papers published in peer-reviewed journals:

(b) Papers published in non-peer-reviewed journals (N/A for none)

Received Paper

TOTAL:

(c) Presentations

Number of Presentations: 0.00				
	Non Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
Received	<u>Paper</u>			
TOTAL:				
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	Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):			
Received <u>I</u>	<u>Paper</u>			
TOTAL:				
Number of Peer-Reviewed Conference Proceeding publications (other than abstracts):				

(d) Manuscripts

Received	Received Paper					
06/20/2013	2.00 Yingbo Hua, , Yiming Ma, , Ping Liang, and , Ali Cirik. Breaking the Barrier of Transmission Noise in Full-Duplex Radio, Milcom (05 2013)					
06/28/2013	6/28/2013 3.00 Ali Cagatay Cirik, Yue Rong, Yingbo Hua. Achievable Rates of Full-Duplex MIMO Radios in Fast Fading Channels with Imperfect Channel Estimation, IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON Signal Processing (05 2013)					
07/22/2013	4.00	Yiming Ma, Ping Liang, Yingbo Hua. An Experimental Study of Broadband Radio Interference Cancellation, IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium (07 2013)				
07/22/2013	5.00	Yingbo Hua, Yifan Li. Radio Interference Cancellation with IQ Imbalance, IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium (07 2013)				
07/22/2013	6.00	Yingbo Hua, Armen Gholian. Limits of All-Analog Radio Interference Cancellation, IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium (07 2013)				
TOTAL:		5				
Number of Ma	nuscri	pts:				
		Books				
Received		Paner				
Redelved	Received Paper					
TOTAL:	TOTAL:					
		Patents Submitted				
Two provisional patent applications:						
ALL-ANALOG RADIO INTERFERENCE CANCELATION						
METHODS FOR CANCELATION OF RADIO INTERFERENCE IN WIRELESS COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS						
	Patents Awarded					
		Awards				

Graduate Students

<u>NAME</u>	PERCENT_SUPPORTED	Discipline
Yiming Ma	0.50	
Ali Cirik	0.50	
FTE Equivalent:	1.00	
Total Number:	2	

Names of Post Doctorates

NAME	PERCENT SUPPORTED
FTE Equivalent:	
Total Number:	

Names of Faculty Supported

<u>NAME</u>	PERCENT SUPPORTED	National Academy Member
Yingbo Hua	0.00	
Ping Liang	0.00	
FTE Equivalent:	0.00	
Total Number:	2	

Names of Under Graduate students supported

NAME	PERCENT SUPPORTED	
FTE Equivalent: Total Number:		

Student Metrics

This section only applies to graduating undergraduates supported by this agreement in this reporting period

scholarships or fellowships for further studies in science, mathematics, engineering or technology fields: 0.00

The number of undergraduates funded by this agreement who graduated during this period: 0.00

Names of Personnel receiving masters degrees

<u>NAME</u>		
Total Number:		

	Names of personnel receiving PHDs	
<u>NAME</u>		
Total Number:		
	Names of other research staff	
NAME	PERCENT SUPPORTED	
FTE Equivalent:		
Total Number:		

Sub Contractors (DD882)

Inventions (DD882)

Scientific Progress

This grant has contributed to the following papers:

- Y. Ma, P. Liang and Y. Hua, ``An Experimental Study of Broadband Radio Interference Cancellation", submitted 2014 IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium. (uploaded to ARO website)
- Y. Hua, Y. Ma, P. Liang and A. Cirik, "Breaking the Barrier of Transmission Noise in Full-Duplex Radio," accepted for presentation at MILCOM 2013. (uploaded to ARO website)
- A. Gholian and Y. Hua, ``Limits of All-Analog Radio Interference Cancellation," submitted to 2014 IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium. (uploaded to ARO website)
- Y. Hua and Y. Li, ``Radio Interference Cancellation with IQ imbalance," submitted to 2014 IEEE Radio and Wireless Symposium. (uploaded to ARO website)

A. Cirik, Y. Rong and Y. Hua, ``Achievable Rates of Full-Duplex MIMO Radios in Fast Fading Channels with Imperfect Channel Estimation," submitted to IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing. (uploaded to ARO website)

Technology Transfer

Feasibility of Full-Duplex Radio

Final Report

ARO STIR Grant No. W911NF-12-1-0432

17 September 2012 to 16 June 2013

Yingbo Hua

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I. STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM STUDIED

- Build a testbed to test a time-domain transmit beamforming method for self-interference cancellation in full-duplex radio.
- Discover the potentials and limitations of existing methods for radio self-interference cancellation.
- Develop better ideas to make full-duplex radio feasible.

II. SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT RESULTS

A. Full-Duplex Radio Testbed

We have built a full-duplex radio testbed [1]. On this testbed, we have implemented the time-domain transmit beamforming method developed in [2] and performed real-time channel estimation and interference cancelation. Both the firmware and software of FPGA on the testbed have been programmed to enable us to choose, control and process broadband waveforms in real time.

With this testbed, we have discovered the issue of transmission noise which limits the performance of all transmit beamforming based methods including [8], [9] and [10]. This consequently motivated us to develop new approaches to break the barrier of transmission noise.

B. New Methods for Radio Interference Cancellation

All approaches for radio interference cancellation can be grouped into all-digital, all-analog or hybrid. Among these approaches, the all-analog approach and some of the hybrid methods can be made robust to transmission noise [3].

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The concepts we have developed in [3] will drive our next phase of this line of research. Among these concepts is that the interference cancellation channel must be driven directly by the RF signal from the transmitter and the tuning of the interference cancellation channel must be done without the exact knowledge of all transfer functions in the system.

We have investigated the limits of all-analog radio interference cancellation [4]. This work differs from all prior reports (including [11] and [12]) where a cancellation performance is based on some fixed interference environment. Also differing from prior all-analog cancellation methods is that we have developed new and more effective architectures for all-analog radio interference cancellation.

We have preliminarily developed an online algorithm for tuning all-analog cancellation channel without the exact knowledge of all transfer functions in the system [6]. This method is believed to be robust to transmission noise and hardware imperfections. We will continue this research as outlined in our new STIR proposal.

We have developed a simple and effective method for any baseband-related radio signal processing with IQ imbalance [5]. By incorporating this method, the performance of the time-domain transmit beamforming method shown in [2] has been improved substantially. This simple method should be used for all baseband-related signal processing problems with IQ imbalance.

C. Performance of Full-Duplex Radio

We have also analyzed the performance of a radio capable of both half-duplex and full-duplex but with an amount of residual self-interference [7]. We have considered fast fading channels for which only estimated channel responses are available at receivers. We have established a tradeoff relationship between half-duplex and fall-duplex in terms of the level of residual self-interference.

III. PATENT AND COMMERCIALIZATION

- UCR filed a patent application related to [2].
- UCR filed two provisional patent applications related to [3], [4] and [6].
- Dr. P. Liang has started a new company for radio interference cancelation.

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